# Midterm 1 - Review - Problems 

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## Problem 1:

(1.9) Prove that the union of two subspaces of $V$ is a subspace of $V$ if and only if one of them is contained in the other.

## Problem 2:

Find a vector space $V$ and three subspaces $U_{1}, U_{2}, U_{3}$ of $V$ such that:
(1) $V=U_{1}+U_{2}+U_{3}$
(2) $U_{1} \cap U_{2}=\{\mathbf{0}\}, U_{1} \cap U_{3}=\{\mathbf{0}\}, U_{2} \cap U_{3}=\{\mathbf{0}\}$
(3) BUT $V \neq U_{1} \oplus U_{2} \oplus U_{3}$

Hint: Let $V=\mathbb{R}^{3}$. If you really want to see the solution, it's on page 16 of the book!

## Problem 3:

(2.10) Suppose $\operatorname{dim}(V)=n$. Prove that there are 1 -dimensional subspaces $U_{1}, \cdots, U_{n}$ of $V$ such that $V=U_{1} \oplus \cdots \oplus U_{n}$

## Problem 4:

((2.17), with $m=2)$ Suppose $V$ is finite-dimensional and $V=U \oplus W$. Show that $\operatorname{dim}(V)=\operatorname{dim}(U)+\operatorname{dim}(W)$

## Problem 5:

Prove or give a counterexample: If $U_{1}, U_{2}, U_{3}$ are subspaces of $V$, then:

$$
\left(U_{1}+U_{2}\right) \cap U_{3}=\left(U_{1} \cap U_{3}\right)+\left(U_{2} \cap U_{3}\right)
$$

